

# Lordship of Clavells

Parish/ County	Whippingham Isle of Wight Hampshire	Principal source	Victoria County History
Date	History of Lordship		Monarchs
871	<b>Creation of the English Monarchy</b>		Alfred the Great 871-899 Edward Elder 899-924 Athelstan 924-939 Edmund I 939-946 Edred 946-955 Edwy 955-959 Edgar 959-975 Edward the Martyr 975-978 Ethelred 978-1016 Edmund II 1016 Canute 1016-1035 Harold I 1035-1040 Harthacnut 1040-1042 Edward the Confessor 1042-1066 Harold II 1066 William I 1066-1087
1066	<b>Norman Conquest- Battle of Hastings</b>		
1086	<b>Domesday</b>		William II 1087-1100 Henry I 1100-35 Stephen 1135-54 Henry II 1154-89 Richard I 1189-99 John 1199-1216
1215	<b>Magna Carta</b>		
1215-1217	<b>First Barons War</b>		Henry III 1216-72
Mid 13 <sup>th</sup> C	Henry de Clavill is holding an estate in Whippingham which we can assume is how the lordship was named.		
Unknown	Henry grants 11 acres of Clavells to Quarr Abbey.		
1264-1267	<b>Second Barons War</b>		Edward I 1272-1307 Edward II 1307-27 Edward III 1327-77
1349	Clavells has stayed with the Clavill family and John de Clavill is now lord. He dies with no male heir leaving it to his daughter Felicia. Clavells is lost from records for many years.		Richard II 1377-1399 Henry IV 1399-1413 Henry V 1413-22 Henry VI 1422-61 1470-71
1455-1487	<b>War of the Roses</b>		

# Lordship of Clavells

Date	History of Lordship	Monarchs
1534	<b>The Act of Supremacy – Church of England</b>	Edward IV 1461-70 1471-83 Edward V 1483 Richard III 1483-5 Henry VII 1485-1509 Henry VIII 1509-47
1536/7	Nicholas Wynyatt and his wife Elizabeth sell Clavells to John Cresweller.	
Unknown	Clavells passes to John Worsley.	Edward VI 1547-53
1580	John dies leaving a son and heir Thomas, who only being 17 has his property held in trust initially.	Mary I 1553-58 Elizabeth I 1558-1603
1604	Thomas dies leaving Clavells to his son Richard Worsley.	James I 1603-25
1611	Richard is knighted and later this year becomes a baronet on the good grace of his father-in-law Sir Henry Neville. Richard therefore becomes 1 <sup>st</sup> Baronet of Appuldurcombe (the families seat on the Isle of Wight)	
1614	Sir Richard is elected to Parliament for Newport on the Isle of Wight.	
1616/7	Sir Richard is appointed High Sheriff of Hampshire.	
1621	Sir Richard is elected to Parliament once again until his death from smallpox. Sir Henry, his son inherits Clavells.	
1640	Sir Henry is elected to the House of Commons. He will sit in both the Short and Long Parliaments.	Charles I 1625-49
1642-1651	<b>English Civil War</b>	
1648	Sir Henry is excluded from Parliament under the Pride's Purge (supported by Oliver Cromwell).	
1658	Sir Henry is appointed High Sheriff of Hampshire.	
1660	Sir Henry is re-elected to Parliament for Newtown, Isle of Wight. He served on many committees, one of which was for the better observance of the Sabbath. He also tabled a bill against profanity.	Charles II 1660-85
1666	Sir Henry dies leaving a son and heir Sir Robert who took over his seat in Parliament.	

# Lordship of Clavells

Date	History of Lordship	Monarchs
1672	Sir Robert is made Commissioner for the New Forest in Hampshire.	
1676	Sir Robert dies leaving a son and heir of the same name.	
1699/1702	Sir Robert is appointed Deputy Lord Lieutenant for Hampshire.	James II 1685-88 William III 1688-1702
1715	Sir Robert is elected MP for Newtown in order to serve his brother Henry's interests as Envoy to Portugal.	Anne 1702-14 George I 1714/27
1747	Sir Robert dies with no male heirs and leaves Clavells to a cousin James Worsley 5 <sup>th</sup> Baronet of Appuldurcombe (grandson of Sir Henry Worsley d.1666). James has been a Member of Parliament but has not stood since 1741.	George II 1727/60
1750-1850	<b>Industrial Revolution</b>	
1756	James dies leaving a son and heir Sir Thomas.	
1768	Sir Thomas dies leaving a son and heir Sir Richard.	George III 1760-1820
1772	This is the last time Clavells is recorded as a manor disappearing from records.	George IV 1820-30 William IV 1830-7 Victoria 1837-1901 Edward VII 1901-10 George V 1910-36 Edward VIII 1936 George VI 1936-52 Elizabeth II 1952-
2018	The title appears not to have been used for 246 years.	