

# Lordship of Moorhouse

Parish/ County	Stogursey Somerset	Principal Source	Victoria County History
Date	History of Lordship		Monarchs
871	<b>Creation of the English Monarchy</b>		Alfred the Great 871-899 Edward Elder 899-924 Athelstan 924-939 Edmund I 939-946 Edred 946-955 Edwy 955-959 Edgar 959-975 Edward the Martyr 975-978 Ethelred 978-1016 Edmund II 1016 Canute 1016-1035 Harold I 1035-1040 Harthacnut 1040-1042 Edward the Confessor 1042-1066 Harold II 1066 William I 1066-1087
1066	<b>Norman Conquest- Battle of Hastings</b>		
1086	<b>Domesday</b>		William II 1087-1100 Henry I 1100-35 Stephen 1135-54 Henry II 1154-89 Richard I 1189-99 John 1199-1216
1215	<b>Magna Carta</b>		
1215-1217	<b>First Barons War</b>		Henry III 1216-72
1264-1267	<b>Second Barons War</b>		Edward I 1272-1307 Edward II 1307-27 Edward III 1327-77 Richard II 1377-1399 Henry IV 1399-1413 Henry V 1413-22 Henry VI 1422-61 1470-71
1432	John, son of John FitzJames is the first recorded owner of Moorhouse even though he is under age. The FitzJames family are holding extensive lands in Somerset. Moorhouse is held under the lordship of Wick FitzPayn, one of the key lordships in the parish.		

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1455-1487	<b>War of the Roses</b>	Edward IV 1461-70 1471-83
1466	Another John FitzJames is holding Moorhouse however it is not known what relation he is to the first John FitzJames.	
1510	John dies and Moorhouse is inherited by his son and heir John. John is the Attorney-General of the Duchy of Lancaster.	Edward V 1483 Richard III 1483-5 Henry VII 1485-1509 Henry VIII 1509-47
1519	John is appointed the King's Attorney-General.	
1521	As Attorney-General John conducts the trial of the Duke of Buckingham for High Treason.	
1522	John is appointed as a Puisne Judge (a senior Judge) of the King's Bench and Chief Baron of the Exchequer.	
1524	Henry VIII places great trust in John and uses him to negotiate the marriage between Henry Percy, Duke of Northumberland and Mary Talbot daughter of the Earl of Shrewsbury. This match is essential to King Henry as the Duke is engaged to Anne Boleyn, who King Henry wants for himself.	
1526	John is knighted and is made Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench, a role he is to hold for 13 years.	
1529	Sir John signs the articles/claims against Cardinal Wolsey and presides in court when Wolsey confesses.	
1533	Sir John leads the Judges in the procession to Westminster for the coronation of Anne Boleyn.	
1534	<b>The Act of Supremacy – Church of England</b>	
1535	Sir John is a prominent member of the special commission that tries Thomas More (Lord High Chancellor of England) for treason, due to his views on King Henry's marriage to Anne Boleyn.	
1542	Sir John dies and his cousin Nicholas FitzJames inherits Moorhouse.	
1550	Nicholas dies leaving a son and heir James.	Edward VI 1547-53

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1552	James sells Moorhouse to John Wylly.	Mary I 1553-58 Elizabeth I 1558-1603 James I 1603-25
1614	The lordship of Moorhouse appears to have disappeared however a Humphrey Willis is one of two free tenants who is holding land by knight's service to the Lord of Wick FitzPayne and the may be a beneficiary from John Wylly.	
1642-1651	<b>English Civil War</b>	Charles I 1625-49 Charles II 1660-85 James II 1685-88 William III 1688-1702 Anne 1702-14
1750-1850	<b>Industrial Revolution</b>	George I 1714/27 George II 1727/60 George III 1760-1820 George IV 1820-30 William IV 1830-7 Victoria 1837-1901 Edward VII 1901-10 George V 1910-36 Edward VIII 1936 George VI 1936-52 Elizabeth II 1952-
2018	The title appears not to have been used for 404 years.	