

Lordship of Verney's Fee

Parish/ County	Aston Rowant	Principal Source	Victoria County Histories
Date	History of Lordship		Monarchs
871	Creation of the English Monarchy		Alfred the Great 871-899 Edward Elder 899-924 Athelstan 924-939 Edmund I 939-946 Edred 946-955 Edwy 955-959 Edgar 959-975 Edward the Martyr 975-978 Ethelred 978-1016 Edmund II 1016 Canute 1016-1035 Harold I 1035-1040 Harthacnut 1040-1042 Edward the Confessor 1042-1066 Harold II 1066 William I 1066-1087
1066	Norman Conquest- Battle of Hastings		
1086	Domesday		
1086	Humphrey was the first lord of one knight's fee, later to be known as Verney's Fee. Humphrey held other lordships in 12 other counties. His overlord is Miles Crispin, who is also known as Miles of Wallingford. He is a wealthy Norman responsible for Wallingford Castle. He was part of the invasion force with William the Conqueror.		
1166	Humphrey's lordship has passed to Gilbert de Bellewe (or Bella Aqua) and is still held of the Honour of Wallingford offering fealty to Wallingford Castle.		William II 1087-1100 Henry I 1100-35 Stephen 1135-54 Henry II 1154-89 Richard I 1189-99 John 1199-1216
Unknown	Gilbert dies, and the lordship passes to Geoffrey de Bella Aqua.		Henry III 1216-72
1200	Geoffrey dies leaving two daughters Maud and Alice (wife of Thomas, son of Richard) and the lordship is split into two moieties.		
1215	Magna Carta		
1215-1217	First Barons War		

Lordship of Verney's Fee

Date	History of Lordship	Monarchs
1223	Alice sells the lordship to Ralph de Verney, which is how the lordship gains its distinctive name.	
circa 1226	Ralph dies leaving a son and heir John.	
circa 1234	John dies leaving a son and heir Ralph.	
1264-1267	Second Barons War	
circa 1279	Ralph dies leaving a son and heir Robert.	Edward I 1272-1307
circa 1322	Robert dies leaving a son and heir John. John dies later this year and is succeeded by his son John.	Edward II 1307-27
1378	John dies and Verney's Fee is sold to John James of Wallingford. It is not known if the sale is pre or post mortem.	Edward III 1327-77 Richard II 1377-1399
1394	John is granted "free warren" (not held accountable for killing royal game within his lands) by Richard II.	
1396	John dies and Verney's Fee is inherited by his son Robert.	
Unknown	Robert conveys Verney's Fee to Thomas Chaucer and other freeholders.	Henry IV 1399-1413 Henry V 1413-22
1424	Thomas Chaucer and the freeholders sell Verney's Fee to Nicholas Wotton, who had just acquired the main lordship in Kingston. Nicholas amalgamates Verney's Fee into the principle lordship and in the future conveyances of the Kingston lordship Verney's Fee lordship is not listed and thus it becomes lost.	Henry VI 1422-61 1470-71
1455-1487	War of the Roses	Edward IV 1461-70 1471-83 Edward V 1483
1534	The Act of Supremacy – Church of England	Richard III 1483-5 Henry VII 1485-1509 Henry VIII 1509-47 Edward VI 1547-53 Mary I 1553-58 Elizabeth I 1558-1603
1642-1651	English Civil War	James I 1603-25 Charles I 1625-49 Charles II 1660-85 James II 1685-88

Lordship of Verney's Fee

Date	History of Lordship	Monarchs
1750-1850	Industrial Revolution	William III 1688-1702 Anne 1702-14 George I 1714/27 George II 1727/60 George III 1760-1820 George IV 1820-30 William IV 1830-7 Victoria 1837-1901 Edward VII 1901-10 George V 1910-36 Edward VIII 1936
2019	The title appears not to have been used for 585 years.	George VI 1936-52 Elizabeth II 1952-